

# Warrant Service

## 607.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for the planning and serving of arrest and search warrants by members of this department. It is understood that this policy cannot address every variable or circumstance that can arise in the service of a search or arrest warrant, as these tasks can involve rapidly evolving and unique circumstances.

This policy is intended to be used in conjunction with the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy 608, which has additional guidance on planning and serving high-risk warrants.

This policy is not intended to address the service of search warrants on locations or property already secured or routine field warrant arrests by patrol officers.

## 607.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the University of Maryland, Baltimore Police Department to balance the safety needs of the public, the safety of department members, privacy interests and other relevant factors when making decisions related to the service of search and arrest warrants.

## 607.3 SEARCH WARRANTS

Officers shall receive authorization from the Investigation Division Supervisor or an authorized supervisor before preparing a search warrant application. Once authorization is received, the officer will prepare the affidavit and search warrant, consulting with the applicable prosecuting attorney as needed. They will forward the warrant affidavit, to the Investigation Division Supervisor or authorized supervisor and the Operations Bureau Commanderr for review and analysis of the involved risk (see the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy 608).

## 607.4 ARREST WARRANTS

If an officer reasonably believes that serving an arrest warrant may pose a higher risk than commonly faced on a daily basis, the officer should consult the Shift Supervisor to determine what additional resources are necessary.

If the warrant is considered a high risk operation, service will be coordinated by the Operations Bureau Commander or authorized designee. If the warrant is not considered a high risk operation, the supervisor should weigh the risk of entry into a residence to make an arrest against other alternatives, such as arresting the person outside the residence where circumstances may pose a lower risk.

## 607.5 WARRANT PREPARATION

An officer who prepares a warrant should ensure the documentation in support of the warrant contains as applicable:

## Warrant Service

---

- (a) Probable cause to support the search or arrest, including relevant dates and times to demonstrate timeliness and facts to support any request for nighttime or no-knock warrant execution (Md. Code CP § 1-203).
  - 1. No-knock warrant applications shall be consistent with the requirements of state law (Md. Code CP § 1-203).
- (b) A clear explanation of the affiant's training, experience and relevant education.
- (c) Adequately supported opinions, when relevant, that are not left to unsubstantiated conclusions.
- (d) A nexus between the place to be searched and the persons or items central to the investigation. The facts supporting this nexus should be clear and current. For example, the affidavit shall explain why there is probable cause to believe that a particular person is currently residing at a particular location or that the items sought are present at a particular location.
- (e) Full disclosure of known or suspected residents at the involved location and any indication of separate living spaces at the involved location. For example, it should be disclosed that several people may be renting bedrooms at a single location, even if the exact location of the rooms is not known.
- (f) A specific description of the location to be searched, including photographs of the location, if reasonably available.
- (g) A sufficient description of the items to be seized.
- (h) Full disclosure of any known exculpatory information relevant to the warrant application (refer to the *Brady* Information Policy).

### 607.5.1 WARRANT EXECUTION PROCEDURES

The Operations Bureau Commander or authorized designee should establish procedures regarding execution of search warrants (e.g., appropriate approvals and training, time of service limitations, measures for participants to be identifiable and recognizable as uniformed officers, use of body-worn cameras where required) (Md. Code CP § 1-203).

### 607.6 HIGH-RISK WARRANT SERVICE

The Operations Bureau Commander or authorized designee shall coordinate the service of warrants that are categorized as high risk with the Baltimore Police Department (BPD) and shall determine the extent and role, if any, in which the UMBPD will participate in the execution of the service of high-risk warrants.

The execution of high-risk warrants should ensure the following as applicable:

- (a) When practicable and when doing so does not cause unreasonable risk, video or photographic documentation is made of the condition of the location prior to execution of a search warrant. The images should include the surrounding area and persons present.
- (b) Body-worn cameras should be used by officers executing the (Md. Code CP § 1-203).

## *Warrant Service*

---

- (c) Evidence is handled and collected only by those members who are designated to do so. All other members involved in the service of the warrant should alert one of the designated members to the presence of potential evidence and not touch or disturb the items.
- (d) Reasonable efforts are made during the search to maintain or restore the condition of the location.
- (e) Persons who are detained as part of the warrant service are handled appropriately under the circumstances.
- (f) Reasonable care provisions are made for children and dependent adults (see the Child and Dependent Adult Safety Policy 336).
- (g) A list is made of all items seized and a copy provided to the person in charge of the premises if present or otherwise left in a conspicuous place.
- (h) A copy of the search warrant is left at the location.
- (i) The condition of the property is documented with video recording or photographs after the search.

### **607.7 DETENTIONS DURING WARRANT SERVICE**

Officers must be sensitive to the safety risks of all persons involved with the service of a warrant. Depending on circumstances and facts present, it may be appropriate to control movements of any or all persons present at a warrant service, including those who may not be the subject of a warrant or suspected in the case. However, officers must be mindful that only reasonable force may be used and weapons should be displayed no longer than the officer reasonably believes is necessary (see the Use of Force Policy 300).

As soon as it can be determined that an individual is not subject to the scope of a warrant and that no further reasonable suspicion or safety concerns exist to justify further detention, the person should be promptly released.

Officers should, when and to the extent reasonable, accommodate the privacy and personal needs of people who have been detained.

### **607.8 ACTIONS AFTER WARRANT SERVICE**

The supervisor shall ensure that all affidavits, warrants, receipts and returns, regardless of any associated cases, are filed with the issuing judge as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event no later than any date specified on the warrant.

### **607.9 OUTSIDE AGENCIES AND CROSS-JURISDICTIONAL WARRANTS**

The Operations Bureau Commander or designee will ensure that cooperative efforts with other agencies in the service of warrants conform to existing mutual aid agreements or other memorandums of understanding and will work cooperatively to mitigate risks including, but not limited to, the following:

- Identity of team members

### *Warrant Service*

---

- Roles and responsibilities
- Familiarity with equipment
- Rules of engagement
- Asset forfeiture procedures

Any outside agency requesting assistance in the service of a warrant within this jurisdiction should be referred to the Shift Commander, who should review and confirm the warrant, including the warrant location, and should discuss the service with the appropriate supervisor from the other agency. The Shift Commander should ensure that members of the UMBPD are utilized appropriately. Any concerns regarding the requested use of UMBPD members should be brought to the attention of the Chief of Police or designee. The actual service of the warrant will remain the responsibility of the agency requesting assistance.

If the Shift Commander is unavailable, the Shift Supervisor shall assume this role.

If officers intend to serve a warrant outside the department's jurisdiction, the Shift Commander or designee should provide reasonable advance notice to the applicable agency, request assistance as needed and work cooperatively on operational planning and the mitigation of risks detailed in this policy.

Officers will remain subject to the policies of the UMBPD when assisting outside agencies or serving a warrant outside University of Maryland, Baltimore Police Department jurisdiction.

#### **607.10 MEDIA ACCESS**

No advance information regarding warrant service operations shall be released without the approval of the Chief of Police or authorized designee. Any media inquiries or press release after the fact shall be handled in accordance with the Media Relations Policy 323.

#### **607.11 TRAINING**

The E and T Lieutenant should ensure officers receive periodic training on this policy and associated topics, such as legal issues, warrant preparation, warrant service and reporting requirements.

#### **607.12 NO-KNOCK ENTRIES**

No-knock entries are only authorized if a no-knock warrant has been obtained or if exigent circumstances arise at the scene such that knocking and announcing the officer's presence would create an imminent threat of physical violence to the officer or another person.

#### **607.13 DOCUMENTATION**

Documentation related to the service of a warrant shall be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.