National Coverage Determination (NCD) for Routine Costs in Clinical Trials (310.1)

- **Tracking Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Publication Number</th>
<th>Manual Section Number</th>
<th>Manual Section Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100-3</td>
<td>310.1</td>
<td>Routine Costs in Clinical Trials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version Number</th>
<th>Effective Date of this Version</th>
<th>Implementation Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- **Description Information**

**Benefit Category**
- Ambulance Services
- Ambulatory Surgical Center Facility Services
- Antigens
- Artificial Legs, Arms, and Eyes
- Audiology Services
- Blood Clotting Factors for Hemophilia Patients
- Bone Mass Measurement
- Certified Nurse-Midwife Services
- Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist Services
- Chiropractor Services
- Clinical Nurse Specialist Services
- Clinical Social Worker Services
- Colorectal Cancer Screening Tests
- Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) Services
- Critical Access Hospital Services
- Dentist Services
- Diabetes Outpatient Self-Management Training
- Diagnostic Laboratory Tests
- Diagnostic Services in Outpatient Hospital
- Diagnostic Tests (other)
- Diagnostic X-Ray Tests
- Drugs and Biologicals
- Durable Medical Equipment
- Erythropoietin for Dialysis Patients
- Extended Care Services
- Eyeglasses After Cataract Surgery
- Federally Qualified Health Center Services
- Hepatitis B Vaccine and Administration
- Home Dialysis Supplies and Equipment
Home Health Services
Hospice Care
Immunosuppressive Drugs
Incident to a physician's professional Service
Influenza Vaccine and Administration
Inpatient Hospital Services
Inpatient Psychiatric Hospital Services
Institutional Dialysis Services and Supplies
Leg, Arm, Back, and Neck Braces (orthotics)
Medical Nutrition Therapy Services
Nurse Practitioner Services
Optometrist Services
Oral Anticancer Drugs
Oral Antiemetic Drugs
Orthotics and Prosthetics
Osteoporosis Drug
Outpatient Hospital Services Incident to a Physician's Service
Outpatient Occupational Therapy Services
Outpatient Physical Therapy Services
Outpatient Speech Language Pathology Services
Partial Hospitalization Services
Physician Assistant Services
Physicians’ Services
Pneumococcal Vaccine and Administration
Podiatrist Services
Post-Hospital Extended Care Services
Post-Institutional Home Health Services
Prostate Cancer Screening Tests
Prosthetic Devices
Qualified Psychologist Services
Religious NonMedical Health Care Institution
Rural Health Clinic Services
Screening for Glaucoma
Screening Mammography
Screening Pap Smear
Screening Pelvic Exam
Self-Care Home Dialysis Support Services
Shoes for Patients with Diabetes
Skilled Nursing Facility
Splints, Casts, Other Devices Used for Reduction of Fractures and Dislocations
Surgical Dressings
Transplantation Services for ESRD-Entitled Beneficiaries
X-ray, Radium, and Radioactive Isotope Therapy

Please Note: This may not be an exhaustive list of all applicable Medicare benefit categories for this item or service.

Indications and Limitations of Coverage
Effective for items and services furnished on or after July 9, 2007, Medicare covers the routine costs of qualifying clinical trials, as such costs are defined below, as well as reasonable and necessary items and services used to diagnose and treat complications arising from participation in all clinical trials. All other Medicare rules apply.

Routine costs of a clinical trial include all items and services that are otherwise generally available to Medicare beneficiaries (i.e., there exists a benefit category, it
is not statutorily excluded, and there is not a national non-coverage decision) that are provided in either the experimental or the control arms of a clinical trial except:

- The investigational item or service, itself unless otherwise covered outside of the clinical trial;
- Items and services provided solely to satisfy data collection and analysis needs and that are not used in the direct clinical management of the patient (e.g., monthly CT scans for a condition usually requiring only a single scan); and
- Items and services customarily provided by the research sponsors free-of-charge for any enrollee in the trial.

Routine costs in clinical trials include:

- Items or services that are typically provided absent a clinical trial (e.g., conventional care);
- Items or services required solely for the provision of the investigational item or service (e.g., administration of a noncovered chemotherapeutic agent), the clinically appropriate monitoring of the effects of the item or service, or the prevention of complications; and
- Items or services needed for reasonable and necessary care arising from the provision of an investigational item or service in particular, for the diagnosis or treatment of complications.

This policy does not withdraw Medicare coverage for items and services that may be covered according to Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) or the regulations on category B investigational device exemptions found in 42 CFR 405.201-405.215, 411.15, and 411.406. For information about LMRPs, refer to www.lmrp.net, a searchable database of Medicare Administrative Contractor local policies.

For non-covered items and services, including items and services for which Medicare payment is statutorily prohibited, Medicare only covers the treatment of complications arising from the delivery of the non-covered item or service and unrelated reasonable and necessary care. However, if the item or service is not covered by virtue of a national non-coverage policy in Pub. 100-03, National Coverage Determination (NCD) Manual, and is the focus of a qualifying clinical trial, the routine costs of the clinical trial (as defined above) will be covered by Medicare but the noncovered item or service, itself, will not.

A. Requirements for Medicare Coverage of Routine Costs

Any clinical trial receiving Medicare coverage of routine costs must meet the following three requirements:

- The subject or purpose of the trial must be the evaluation of an item or service that falls within a Medicare benefit category (e.g., physicians' service, durable medical equipment, diagnostic test) and is not statutorily excluded from coverage (e.g., cosmetic surgery, hearing aids).
- The trial must not be designed exclusively to test toxicity or disease pathophysiology. It must have therapeutic intent.
- Trials of therapeutic interventions must enroll patients with diagnosed disease rather than healthy volunteers. Trials of diagnostic interventions may enroll healthy patients in order to have a proper control group.

The three requirements above are insufficient by themselves to qualify a clinical trial for Medicare coverage of routine costs. Clinical trials also should have the following desirable characteristics; however, some trials, as described below, are presumed to meet these characteristics and are automatically qualified to receive Medicare coverage:

1. The principal purpose of the trial is to test whether the intervention potentially improves the participants' health outcomes;
2. The trial is well-supported by available scientific and medical information or it is intended to clarify or establish the health outcomes of interventions already in common clinical use;
3. The trial does not unjustifiably duplicate existing studies;
4. The trial design is appropriate to answer the research question being asked in the trial;
5. The trial is sponsored by a credible organization or individual capable of executing the proposed trial successfully;
6. The trial is in compliance with Federal regulations relating to the protection of human subjects; and
7. All aspects of the trial are conducted according to the appropriate standards of scientific integrity.

B. Qualification Process for Clinical Trials

Using the authority found in §1142 of the Social Security Act (the Act) (cross-referenced in §1862(a)(1)(E) of the Act), the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) will convene a multi-agency Federal panel (the "panel") composed of representatives of the Department of Health and Human Services research agencies (National Institutes of Health (NIH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), AHRQ, and the Office of Human Research Protection), and the research arms of the Department of Defense (DOD) and the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) to develop qualifying criteria that will indicate a strong probability that a trial exhibits the desirable characteristics listed above. These criteria will be easily verifiable, and where possible, dichotomous. Trials that meet these qualifying criteria will receive Medicare coverage of their associated routine costs. This panel is not reviewing or approving individual trials. The multi-agency panel will meet periodically to review and evaluate the program and recommend any necessary refinements to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Clinical trials that meet the qualifying criteria will receive Medicare coverage of routine costs after the trial's lead principal investigator certifies that the trial meets the criteria. This process will require the principal investigator to enroll the trial in a Medicare clinical trials registry, currently under development.

Some clinical trials are automatically qualified to receive Medicare coverage of their routine costs because they have been deemed by AHRQ, in consultation with the other agencies represented on the multi-agency panel to be highly likely to have the above-listed seven desirable characteristics of clinical trials. The principal investigators of these automatically qualified trials do not need to certify that the trials meet the qualifying criteria, but must enroll the trials in the Medicare clinical trials registry for administrative purposes, once the registry is established.

Effective September 19, 2000, clinical trials that are deemed to be automatically qualified are:

1. Trials funded by NIH, CDC, AHRQ, CMS, DOD, and VA;
2. Trials supported by centers or cooperative groups that are funded by the NIH, CDC, AHRQ, CMS, DOD, and VA;
3. Trials conducted under an investigational new drug application (IND) reviewed by the FDA; and
4. Drug trials that are exempt from having an IND under 21 CFR 312.2(b)(1) will be deemed automatically qualified until the qualifying criteria are developed and the certification process is in place. At that time the principal investigators of these trials must certify that the trials meet the qualifying criteria in order to maintain Medicare coverage of routine costs. This certification process will only affect the future status of the trial and will not be used to retroactively
change the earlier deemed status.

The CMS, through the NCD process, through an individualized assessment of benefits, risks, and research potential, may determine that certain items and services for which there is some evidence of significant medical benefit, but for which there is insufficient evidence to support a “reasonable and necessary” determination, are only reasonable and necessary when provided in a clinical trial that meets the requirements defined in that NCD.

Medicare will cover the routine costs of qualifying trials that either have been deemed to be automatically qualified, have certified that they meet the qualifying criteria, or are required through the NCD process, unless CMS's Chief Clinical Officer subsequently finds that a clinical trial does not meet the qualifying criteria or jeopardizes the safety or welfare of Medicare beneficiaries.

Should CMS find that a trial's principal investigator misrepresented that the trial met the necessary qualifying criteria in order to gain Medicare coverage of routine costs, Medicare coverage of the routine costs would be denied under §1862(a) (1)(E) of the Act. In the case of such a denial, the Medicare beneficiaries enrolled in the trial would not be held liable (i.e., would be held harmless from collection) for the costs consistent with the provisions of §§1879, 1842(l), or 1834(j)(4) of the Act, as applicable. Where appropriate, the billing providers would be held liable for the costs and fraud investigations of the billing providers and the trial's principal investigator may be pursued.

Medicare regulations require Medicare+Choice (M+C) organizations to follow CMS NCDs. This NCD raises special issues that require some modification of most M+C organizations' rules governing provision of items and services in and out of network. The items and services covered under this NCD are inextricably linked to the clinical trials with which they are associated and cannot be covered outside of the context of those clinical trials. M+C organizations therefore must cover these services regardless of whether they are available through in-network providers. M+C organizations may have reporting requirements when enrollees participate in clinical trials, in order to track and coordinate their members' care, but cannot require prior authorization or approval.

(This NCD last reviewed July 2007.)

Claims Processing Instructions
- TN 1418 (Medicare Claims Processing)
- TN 310 (One Time Notification)
- MM5805 (MLN Matters Articles 5805)
- MM5790 (MLN Matters Articles 5790)
- TN 2805 (Medicare Claims Processing)
- TN 2955 (Medicare Claims Processing)

Transmittal Information

Transmittal Number
74

Coverage Transmittal Link

Revision History

09/2000 - Implemented new policy covering routine costs in clinical trials. Effective
and implementation dates 09/19/2000. (TN 126) (CR 1241)

- **National Coverage Analyses (NCAs)**

National Coverage Analyses (NCAs)
This NCD has been or is currently being reviewed under the National Coverage Determination process. The following are existing associations with NCAs, from the National Coverage Analyses database.

- First reconsideration for Clinical Trial Policy (CAG-00071R)
- Second reconsideration for Clinical Trial Policy (CAG-00071R2)

- **Additional Information**

Other Versions

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**CMS.gov**

A federal government website managed and paid for by the U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21244

**CMS & HHS Websites**

Medicare.gov Link to the medicare.gov website - Opens in a new window
MyMedicare.gov Link to the MyMedicare.gov website - Opens in a new window
Medicaid.gov- Opens in a new window
InsureKidsNow.gov - Opens in a new window
HealthCare.gov - Opens in a new window
HHS.gov/Open - Opens in a new window